FORM-PTO-1390 (Rev. 12-29-99) U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMEPUE PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US) CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 U.S.C. 371

032326-136

U.S. APPLICATION NO. (If known, see 37 C.F.R. 1.5)

Unassig 0=0 / 831632

INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION NO. INTERNATIONAL FILING DATE PRIORITY DATE CLAIMED 12 November 1998 PCT/FR99/02692 4 November 1999 TITLE OF INVENTION AUTHENTICATING METHOD BETWEEN A SMART CARD AND A TERMINAL APPLICANT(S) FOR DO/FO/US Pascal COOREMAN Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information: This is a FIRST submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. 2. This is a SECOND or SUBSEQUENT submission of items concerning a filing under 35 U.S.C. 371. This is an express request to begin national examination procedures (35 U.S.C. 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination 3 until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 U.S.C. 371(b) and the PCT Articles 22 and 39(1). \boxtimes A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date. 4. \boxtimes 50 A copy of the International Application as filed (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)) V. is transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). Đ, 133 has been transmitted by the International Bureau. 10 is not required, as the application was filed in the United States Receiving Office (RO/US) m 6vi A translation of the International Application into English (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(2)). 7, Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)) are transmitted herewith (required only if not transmitted by the International Bureau). UT have been transmitted by the International Bureau. 1 have not been made; however, the time limit for making such amendments has NOT expired. have not been made and will not be made. A translation of the amendments to the claims under PCT Article 19 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(3)). An oath or declaration of the inventor(s) (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(4)). 10. A translation of the annexes to the International Preliminary Examination Report under PCT Article 36 (35 U.S.C. 371(c)(5)). Items 11, to 16, below concern other document(s) or information included: An Information Disclosure Statement under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98. An assignment document for recording. A separate cover sheet in compliance with 37 CFR 3.28 and 3.31 is included. 13. A FIRST preliminary amendment. A SECOND or SUBSEQUENT preliminary amendment. A substitute specification. A change of power of attorney and/or address letter. 16. Other items or information:

JC18 Rec'd PCT/PTO 1 1 MAY 2001

	APPLICA	ATION NO. (If knd	991831	634	+	PCT/FR99/02692	ON NO.			NEY'S DOCKET NUMBER 326-136
17. A The following fees are submitted:							CALCUL	ATIONS	PTO USE ONLY	
Basic	Basic National Fee (37 CFR 1.492(a)(1)-(5)):									
	Neither international preliminary examination fee (37 CFR 1.482) nor international search fee (37 CFR 1.445(a)(2)) paid to USPTO and International Search Report not prepared by the EPO or JPO \$1,000.00 (960)									
	Interr USPT	national prelim O but Internat	inary examination t	fee (37 CF rt prepared	R 1.4	82) not paid to ne EPO or JPO	\$860.00 (970)			
						82) not paid to USPTO to USPTO	\$710.00 (958)			
	Interr but a	national prelim Il claims did no	inary examination to ot satisfy provision	fee paid to s of PCT A	USP [*] Article	TO (37 CFR 1.482) 33(1)-(4)	\$690.00 (956)			
	Interr and a	national prelim Il claims satis	inary examination fied provisions of P	fee paid to CT Article	USP ¹ 33(1	TO (37 CFR 1.482))-(4)	\$100.00 (962)			
				ENTER	APP	ROPRIATE BASIC I	EE AMOUNT =	\$	860.00	
Surci	harge ths fro	of \$130.00 (* om the earliest	154) for furnishing t claimed priority da	the oath oate (37 CF	r decl	aration later than 92(e)).	20 🗆 30 🗆	\$	-0-	
	CI	aims	Number Fil	ed		Number Extra	Rate			
Tota	l Clain	ns	1	3 -20 =		-0-	X\$18.00 (966)	\$	-0-	
Inde	pende	nt Claims		1 -3 =		-0-	X\$80.00 (964)	\$	-0-	
Mult	iple de	ependent clain	n(s) (if applicable)				+ \$270.00 (968)	\$	-0-	
pie					то	TAL OF ABOVE CA	ALCULATIONS =	\$	860.00	
	ction	for 1/2 for fili	ng by small entity,	if applicat	ole (se	e below).		\$	-0-	-
44							SUBTOTAL =	\$	860.00	
	Processing fee of \$130.00 (156) for furnishing the English translation later than 20 30 magniful from the earliest claimed priority date (37 CFR 1.492(f)).					\$	-0-			
hair						TOTAL	NATIONAL FEE =	\$	-0-	
Fee	for rec	cording the en	closed assignment	(37 CFR 1	.21(h)). The assignment mu (581) per property +	st be accompanied by	\$	-0-	
an a	рргор	nate cover and	561 (07 G/11 0.20,	0.017. 44	0.00		ES ENCLOSED =	s	860.00	
Ť						TOTALTE	LO ENOLOGIA	_	unt to be:	\$
									charged	\$
a.		Con all ameits	status is hereby cl	nimad						
b.	⊠				**	cover the above fees is	analogad			
G.								ve fees	A dunlicate	conv of this sheet
d.	is enclosed.									
١.	Account No. 02-4800. A duplicate copy of this sheet is enclosed.									
NOTE: Where an appropriate time limit under 37 CFR 1.494 or 1.495 has not been met, a petition to revive (37 CFR 1.137(a) or (b)) must be filled and granted to restore the application to pending status.							.137(a) or (b))			
SEN	SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:			$\langle \cdot \rangle$						
		James A. Burns, Do P.O. Box	ANE, SWECKER	& MATHIS	S, L.L.		NATURE / 14	au_		
		Alexandria (703) 836	a, Virginia 223° 3-6620	13-1404		<u>Ja</u> NA	mes A. LaBarre ME			
							,632 SISTRATION NUMBER			

Patent Attorney's Docket No. <u>032326-136</u>

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

In re Patent Application of)
Pascal COOREMAN) Group Art Unit: Unassigned
Application No.: Unassigned) Examiner: Unassigned
Filed: May 11, 2001)
For: AUTHENTICATING METHOD BETWEEN A SMART CARD AND A TERMINAL)))

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

Assistant Commissioner for Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Sir:

Prior to examination and the calculation of filing fees, kindly amend the aboveidentified application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Page 1, immediately following the title appearing on lines 1 and 2, insert the following:

--This disclosure is based upon, and claims priority from French Application No. 98/14224, filed on November 12, 1998 and International Application No. PCT/FR99/02692, filed November 4, 1999, which was published on May 25, 2000 in a language other than English, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

Background of the Invention--

Page 2, between lines 7 and 8, insert the following heading:

--Summary of the Invention --.

Page 3, between lines 25 and 26, insert the following heading:

-Brief Description of the Drawings -- .

Page 4, between lines 5 and 6, insert the following heading:

-- Detailed Description--.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Kindly replace claims 1-13, as follows.

- (Amended) An authenticating method between a memory chip card having at least one counter and a terminal, comprising the following steps:
 - (a) inserting the memory chip card into the terminal,
- (b) calculating, in the terminal, a secret code CSC₁ according to a cryptographic function F of a number of variables comprising at least a code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value of said counter,
- (c) authenticating the terminal by the card when the calculated secret code CSC₁ is identical to a code CSC₀ recorded in a memory of the card at the end of a previous authentication operation,
 - (d) carrying out a desired transaction and modifying the value of said counter,

- (e) calculating, in the terminal, a new secret code CSC₂ according to the cryptographic function F of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the new value of said counter,
- (f) updating the memory chip card for the next transaction by recording, in said memory, the new secret code CSC₂ calculated by the operation (e).
- (Amended) A method according to Claim 1, further including the following steps between the steps (c) and (d):
- (x) calculating, in the terminal, an authentication certificate CA₁ according to a cryptographic function G of a number of variables comprising at least the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value of the counter,
- (y) authenticating the card by the terminal when the calculated authentication certificate CA_1 is identical to a certificate CA_0 calculated and recorded at the end of the previous transaction.

and wherein step (e) is supplemented by the step of

- (e') calculating, in the terminal, a new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the new value of said counter,
 - and wherein step (f) is supplemented by the step of
- (f') updating the memory chip card for the next transaction by recording, in the memory, the new authentication certificate CA_2 calculated according to the step (e').

- 3. (Amended) A method according to Claim 2 wherein step (b) comprises the following steps:
- first calculating, in the terminal, a session key K_{s1} according to a cryptographic function F_{ks} of a number of variables comprising at least a parent key K_m known by the terminal, the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value of said counter,
- next calculating, in the terminal, the secret code CSC_1 according to the cryptographic function F of the session key K_{s1} ,

and wherein step (e) comprises:

- first calculating, in the terminal, a new session key K_{s2} according to the cryptographic function F_{ts} with the new value of said counter,
- next calculating, in the terminal, the new secret code ${\rm CSC_2}$ according to the cryptographic function F of the new session key $K_{\rm s2}$.
- 4. (Amended) A method according to Claim 3 wherein step (e') includes the step of calculating the new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the new session key K_{s2} .
- 5. (Amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein the memory chip card comprises two counters, one counting the authentications and the other counting payment transactions, and wherein the variables of the cryptographic functions comprise the values of said counters.

- (Amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein the cryptographic functions are one-way functions.
- (Amended) A method according to Claim 6, wherein the cryptographic functions are "hashing" functions.
- 8. (Amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein step (b) comprises the following steps:
 - (b₁) reading the serial number CSN of the card,
 - (b2) reading the content of the counter, and
 - $\label{eq:b3} (b_3) \ calculating \ the \ session \ key \ according \ to \ a \ cryptographic \ function \ F_{ks}$ such that:

$$Ks_1 = F_{ks} (K_m, CSN, CTC_1).$$

- 9. (Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein step (c) comprises the following steps:
 - (c1) transmitting the secret code CSC1 to the card,
 - (c₂) comparing, in the card, this secret code CSC₁ with a secret code CSC₀ recorded in the card at the end of the previous transaction with the card, and
 - (c_3) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CSC_0 = CSC_1$ or refusing same if CSC_0 is not equal to CSC_1 .

- 10. (Amended) A method according to claim 2, wherein step (y) comprises the following steps:
 - (y_i) reading the content CA_0 of a designated area of the memory of the card CM.
 - (y₂) transmitting, to the terminal, the content CA₀ of said area which corresponds to an Authentication Certificate CA₀ calculated at the end of the previous transaction,
 - (y_3) comparing, in the terminal, the calculated Authentication Certificate CA_1 with the certificate CA_0 , and
 - (y_4) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identify $CA_1=CA_0$.
- 11. (Amended) A method according to claim 1, wherein step (d) comprises the following steps:
 - (d_1) reading, from an area of the memory, the value BAL_0 of a balance resulting from the previous transaction and a corresponding certificate $CBAL_0$, and
 - (d₂) verifying that the certificate CBAL₀ correctly corresponds to the result of the cryptographic function such that:

$$CBAL_0 = H(K_1, BAL_0, CSN, CTC_1),$$

- K, being a transaction key,
- (d_3) incrementing the transaction counter to the value $(CTC_1 + 1) = CTC_2$.
- (d_4) recording the new balance BAL_1 in said area,

- (d_s) calculating a Certificate CBAL₁ for the new balance BAL₁ such that:
- $CBAL_1 = H(K_1, BAL_1, CSN, CTC_2)$, and
- (d₆) recording CBAL₁ in said area.
- 12. (Amended) A method according to claim 1 wherein step (a) also comprises a step of entering a personal code of the user.
- 13. (Amended) A method according to claim 3, wherein in step (b), one of the variables used for calculating the session key Ks_1 is a personal code PIN of the user.

Add the following new claims:

- 14. (New) A method according to Claim 1 wherein step (b) comprises the following steps:
- first calculating, in the terminal, a session key $K_{\rm sl}$ according to a cryptographic function $F_{\rm ks}$ of a number of variables comprising at least a parent key $K_{\rm m}$ known by the terminal, the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value of said counter,
- next calculating, in the terminal, the secret code CSC_1 according to the cryptographic function F of the session key K_{s1} ,

and wherein step (e) comprises:

- first calculating, in the terminal, a new session key K_{s2} according to the cryptographic function F_{ts} with the new value of said counter,

- next calculating, in the terminal, the new secret code CSC_2 according to the cryptographic function F of the new session key $K_{\rm s2}$.
- 15. (New) A method according to claim 14, wherein step (b) comprises the following steps:
 - (b1) reading the serial number CSN of the card,
 - (b2) reading the content of the counter, and
 - $\label{eq:b3} (b_3) \ calculating \ the \ session \ key \ according \ to \ a \ cryptographic \ function \ F_{ks}$ such that:

$$Ks_1 = F_{ks} (K_m, CSN, CTC_1).$$

REMARKS

Entry of the foregoing amendment is respectfully requested. This amendment is intended to place the claims in a more conventional format and eliminate the multiple dependency of the claims.

Respectfully submitted,

BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P.

By:

James A. LaBarre Registration No. 28,632

P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404 (703) 836-6620

Date: May 11, 2001

09/831634 531 Rec'd PCT/FTC 11 MAY 2001

Application No. <u>Unassigned</u>
Attorney's Docket No. <u>032326-136</u>
Page 1

Attachment to Preliminary Amendment dated May 11, 2001

- (Amended) An authenticating method between a memory chip card [(CM)]
 having at least one counter [(CE, CT)] and a terminal [(TE), characterised in that it
 comprises], comprising the following steps [consisting of]:
 - (a) inserting the memory chip card [(CM)] into the terminal [(TE)],
- (b) calculating, in the terminal, a secret code CSC₁ according to a cryptographic function F of a number of variables comprising at least a code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value [(CTE₁, CTC₁)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- (c) authenticating the terminal by the card when the calculated secret code CSC_1 is identical to a code CSC_0 recorded in [the] <u>a</u> memory <u>of the card</u> at the end of [the] <u>a</u> previous authentication [according to the] operation [(f) below],
- (d) carrying out [the planned] <u>a desired</u> transaction and modifying the value [(CTE₂, CTC₂)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- (e) calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], a new secret code CSC₂ according to the cryptographic function F of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card [(CM)] and the new value [(CTE₂, CTC₂)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- (f) updating the memory chip card [(CM)] for the next transaction by recording, in [the] <u>said</u> memory [(M)], the new secret code CSC₂ calculated by the operation (e).
 - 2. (Amended) A method according to Claim 1, [characterised:

- in that it comprises] <u>further including</u> the following [supplementary] steps between the steps (c) and (d) [consisting of]:
- (y) authenticating the card [(CM)] by the terminal [(TE)] when the calculated authentication certificate CA_1 is identical to a certificate CA_0 calculated and recorded at the end of the previous transaction [according to the steps (e') and (f') below:
- in that the], and wherein step (e) is supplemented by the [following] step [consisting] of[:]
- (e') calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], a new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the new value [(CTE₂, CTC₂)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- and [in that the] wherein step (f) is supplemented by the [following] step [consisting] of[:]
- (f') updating the memory chip card [(CM)] for the next transaction by recording, in the memory [(M)], the new authentication certificate CA_2 calculated according to the step (e').
 - 3. (Amended) A method according to Claim [1, characterised:

Marked-up Claims 1-13

- in that the step (b) consists of:] 2 wherein step (b) comprises the following steps:
- first calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], a session key $K_{\rm s1}$ according to a cryptographic function $F_{\rm ks}$ of a number of variables comprising at least a parent key $K_{\rm m}$ known by the terminal [(TE)], the code CSN identifying the memory chip card [(CM)] and the value [(CTE₁, CTC₁)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- next calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], the secret code CSC_1 according to the cryptographic function F of the session key K_{s1} ,

[- in that the step (e) consists of:] and wherein step (e) comprises:

- first calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], a new session key K_{s2} according to the cryptographic function F_{ts} with the new value [(CTE₂, CTC₂)] of said counter [(CE, CT)],
- next calculating, in the terminal [(TE)], the new secret code CSC_2 according to the cryptographic function F of the new session key K_{c2} .
 - 4. (Amended) A method according to Claim [2 and 3, characterised in that:
- the step (e') consists] 3 wherein step (e') includes the step of calculating the new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the new session key K_{s2} .
- (Amended) A method according to [any one of the previous Claims 1 to 4,
 in its application to a] <u>claim 1 wherein the</u> memory chip card [(CM) comprising] <u>comprises</u>

Marked-up Claims 1-13

two counters, one [(CE)] counting the authentications and the other [(CT)] counting [the] payment transactions, [characterised in that] and wherein the variables of the cryptographic functions [F, G and F_{ls}] comprise the values [(CTE₁, CTE₂, CTC₁, CTC₂)] of said counters.

- 6. (Amended) A method according to [one of the previous claims, characterised in that] claim 1 wherein the cryptographic functions $[F, G \text{ and } F_{ks}]$ are one-way functions.
- 7. (Amended) A method according to Claim 6, [characterised in that] wherein the cryptographic functions $[F, G \text{ and } F_{ls}]$ are "hashing" functions.
- 8. (Amended) A method according to [one of the previous Claims 3 to 7, characterised in that the] <u>claim 3, wherein</u> step (b) comprises the following steps [consisting of:
 - (b₁) reading the serial number CSN of the card [(CM)],
 - (b2) reading the content [(CTE1 and/or CTC1)] of the counter, and
 - $(\ensuremath{b_3})$ calculating the session key according to a cryptographic function $\ensuremath{F_{ks}}$

such that:

$$Ks_1 = F_{ks} (K_m, CSN, CTC_1).$$

- 9. (Amended) A method according to [one of Claims 1 to 8, characterised in that the] <u>claim 1, wherein</u> step (c) comprises the following steps [consisting of]:
 - (c1) transmitting the secret code CSC1 to the card [CM],
 - (c_2) comparing, in the card, this secret code CSC_1 with a secret code CSC_0 recorded in the card [CM] at the end of the previous transaction with the card, and
 - (c₃) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CSC_0 = CSC_1$ or refusing same [in the contrary case] if $\underline{CSC_0}$ is not equal to $\underline{CSC_1}$.
- 10. (Amended) A method according to [one of Claims 2 to 9, characterised in that the] claim 2, wherein step (y) comprises the following steps [consisting of]:
 - (y_1) reading the content CA_0 of [the area ZCA] <u>a designated area</u> of the memory of the card CM.
 - (y_2) transmitting, to the terminal [(TE)], the content CA_0 of [this area ZCA] said area which corresponds to an Authentication Certificate CA_0 calculated at the end of the previous transaction,
 - (y_3) comparing, in the terminal [TE], the calculated Authentication Certificate CA_1 , with the certificate CA_0 , and
 - (y_4) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identify $CA_1 = CA_0$.

- 11. (Amended) A method according to [one of Claims 1 to 10, characterised in that the] <u>claim 1, wherein</u> step (d) comprises[, in the case of modification of the balance BAL₀,] the following steps [consisting of]:
 - (d_1) reading, from an area [ZBAL] of the memory [(M)], the value BAL $_0$ of [the] \underline{a} balance resulting from the previous transaction and [the] \underline{a} corresponding certificate CBAL $_0$, and
 - (d_2) verifying that the certificate CBAL $_0$ correctly corresponds to the result of the cryptographic function such that:

$$CBAL_0 = H(K_1, BAL_0, CSN, CTC_1),$$

- K, being a transaction key,
- (d_3) incrementing the transaction counter to the value $(CTC_1 + 1) = CTC_2$.
- (d_d) recording the new balance BAL₁ in [the] said area [ZBAL],
- (d₅) calculating a Certificate CBAL₁ for the new balance BAL₁ such that:

$$CBAL_1 = H(K_t, BAL_1, CSN, CTC_2)$$
, and

- (d₆) recording CBAL₁ in [the] said area [ZBAL].
- 12. (Amended) A method according to [one of the previous Claims 1 to 11, characterised in that:
- the] <u>claim 1 wherein</u> step (a) also comprises a step of entering [the] <u>a</u> personal code [PIN] of the user.

- 13. (Amended) A method according to [one of the previous Claims 3 to 12, characterised in that:
- in the] <u>claim 3</u>, <u>wherein in</u> step (b), one of the variables used for calculating the session <u>key</u>. Ks, is [the] <u>a</u> personal code PIN of the user.

1

AUTHENTICATING METHOD BETWEEN A SMART CARD AND A TERMINAL

The invention concerns memory chip cards and the terminals to which they are capable of being connected from time to time and, more particularly, a method which enables the memory chip card and the terminal to authenticate one another.

Memory chip cards, on account of their not having microprocessor, cannot use an authentication algorithm which involves calculations. certain memory chip cards use an algorithm in hardwired form which allows the so-called authentication of the card by the terminal but not the reverse authentication of the terminal by the card. Owing to their low cost, memory chip cards are used a great deal in many applications such as loyalty cards, access control, charge card payments, etc. However, owing to the lack of authentication, their security in use is vulnerable so that microprocessor cards are sometimes preferred to them for certain applications. But these microprocessor cards have a distinctly higher which becomes increasingly higher authentication algorithm becomes more developed, which them being ruled out for inexpensive applications. Also, the aim of the present invention is to obtain security in use of memory chip cards.

This aim is achieved by using an authentication method in which all the algorithmic calculations are

performed by the terminal to which the memory chip card is connected.

Furthermore, the operations relating to authentication are performed before the start of a transaction proper and after the end of this transaction with a view to the authentication at the start of the following transaction.

The invention therefore concerns an authenticating method between a memory chip card having at least one counter and a terminal, characterised in that it comprises the following steps consisting of:

- $\qquad \qquad \text{(a)} \quad \text{inserting} \quad \text{the memory chip card into the terminal.}$
- (b) calculating, in the terminal, a secret code CSC₁ according to a cryptographic function F of a number of variables comprising at least a code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value of said counter,
- (c) authenticating the terminal by the card when the calculated secret code CSC_1 is identical to a code CSC_0 recorded in the memory at the end of the previous authentication according to the operation (f) below,
- (d) carrying out the planned transaction and modifying the value of said counter,
- (e) calculating, in the terminal, a new secret code CSC_2 according to the cryptographic function F of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the new value of said counter,
- (f) updating the memory chip card for the next transaction by recording, in the memory, the new secret code CSC_2 calculated by the operation (e).

In order to obtain authentication of the card by the terminal, the method comprises the following supplementary steps between the steps (c) and (d) consisting of:

- $(x) \quad \text{calculating,} \quad \text{in} \quad \text{the terminal,} \quad \text{an} \\ \text{authentication} \quad \text{certificate} \quad \text{CA}_1 \quad \text{according} \quad \text{to} \quad \text{a} \\ \text{cryptographic} \quad \text{function G of a number of variables} \\ \text{comprising at least the code CSN identifying the memory} \\ \text{chip card and the value of said counter,} \\$
- $(y) \ \ \text{authenticating the card by the terminal when} \\ \text{the calculated authentication certificate } CA_1 \ \ \text{is} \\ \text{identical to *a certificate } CA_0 \ \ \text{calculated and recorded} \\ \text{in the card at the end of the previous transaction} \\ \text{according to the steps (e') and (f') below:} \\$
- in that the step (e) is supplemented by the following step consisting of:
- (e') calculating, in the terminal, a new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G,
- and in that the step (f) is supplemented by the following step consisting of:
- (f') updating the memory chip card for the next transaction by recording, in the memory, the new authentication certificate CA_2 calculated according to the step (e').

Other characteristics and advantages of the present invention will emerge from a reading of the following description of a particular embodiment, said description being given with reference to the accompanying drawing in which:

- Figure 1 is a simplified diagram of a memory chip card, and
- Figure 2 is a chart showing the operations performed between the terminal and the memory chip card during a transaction.

The method of the invention applies (Figure 1) to a memory chip card CM which of course comprises a memory M but also a so-called transaction counter CT which counts the transactions performed between the card CM and a terminal TE to which the card is connected by insertion.

The memory chip card CM can also comprise a second so-called authentication counter CE which counts the authentication requests, these authentication requests possibly occurring at any time during a transaction and independently thereof.

These two counters CE and CT can form part of the memory M according to known devices.

In addition, the memory M of the card comprises a first area with unprotected read access in which there is recorded, for example the serial number CSN of the card in a part ZCSN, and a second area with protected access for the rest of the memory, this second area having parts which are allocated to the recording of particular values such as an Authentication Certificate CA in the part ZCA and a balance BAL and its authentication certificate CBAL in the part ZBAL.

A third area ZCSC is reserved for the recording of a secret code CSC and its access for recording is subject to presentation of the secret code CSC.

The memory M is addressed by an addressing circuit ADR and the two-way transmission of signals between the terminal TE and the card CM takes place by means of an interface circuit INT.

Furthermore, the card comprises a comparator CP which compares the code CSC read from the part ZCSC with a code supplied by the terminal TE, the result of the comparison allowing or not allowing the addressing of the protected area of the memory M.

The method according to the invention will be described within the context of a mutual authentication between the card and the terminal using the transaction counter CT alone and so-called one-way cryptographic functions but the method of the invention can also apply to authentication of the terminal by the card alone, and to simultaneous use of the two counters CE and CT and cryptographic functions other than one-way ones. The various operations, notably cryptographic operations, can be carried out either in the terminal TE, or in a security module, or even in a remote device.

Preferably, the mutual authentication method according to the invention comprises the following steps consisting of:

- (m) inserting the card CM into the terminal TE, this step possibly including the presentation of a personal code PIN of the card user,
- (n) calculating, in the terminal TE, a session key $Ks_1\ by:$

- $\label{eq:n1} (n_1) \text{ reading the serial number CSN of the card}$ CM,
- $$\rm (n_2)$$ reading the content CTC1 of the transaction counter CT of the card CM, and
- $$(n_3)$$ calculating a session key Ks_1 according to a one-way cryptographic function F_{ks} such that:

 $Ks_1 = F_{ks} (K_m, CSN, CTC_1)$

- K_{n} being a parent key recorded in the terminal TE,
- $F_{\rm ks}$ being for example a function of the hashing type,
- (o) calculating, in the terminal TE, a secret code CSC_1 of the card using a cryptographic function F such that:

 $CSC_1 = F(Ks_1)$,

- (p) authenticating the terminal TE by the card CM by:
 - $(p_1) \ \ \text{transmitting the secret code CSC}_1 \ \text{to the card CM},$
 - (p_2) comparing, in the comparator CP, this secret code CSC_1 with a secret code CSC_0 recorded in the card CM at the end of the previous transaction with the card, and
 - (p_3) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CSC_0 = CSC_1$ or refusing same in the contrary case;
- $\mbox{$(q)$ calculating, in the terminal TE, an} \label{eq:terminal} Authentication Certificate CA_1 such that:}$

 $CA_1 = G(Ks_1)$

- G being a cryptographic function, and

- $\ensuremath{(\mathbf{r})}$ authenticating the card CM by the terminal TE by:
 - $$(r_1)$$ reading the content $\text{CA}_0$$ of the area ZCA of the memory of the card CM,
 - (r_2) transmitting, to the terminal TE, the content CA_0 of this protected area ZCA which corresponds to an Authentication Certificate CA_0 calculated at the end of the previous transaction,
 - (r_3) comparing, in the terminal TE, the calculated Authentication Certificate CA_1 with the certificate CA_9 , and
 - (r_4) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CA_1 = CA_0$;
- (s) carrying out the transaction, this transaction possibly consisting for example of updating a memory area ZBAL indicating the state of the credit or balance BAL remaining in the card CM by:
 - (s_1) reading, from the area ZBAL, the value BAL0 of the balance resulting from the previous transaction and the corresponding certificate CBAL0,
 - (s_2) verifying that the certificate $CBAL_0$ correctly corresponds to the result of the cryptographic function such that:

 $CBAL_0 = H(K_t, BAL_0, CSN, CTC_1),$

- Kt being a transaction key,
- $$(s_3)$$ incrementing the transaction counter to the value (CTC1 + 1) = CTC2
- $$(s_4)$$ recording the new balance BAL_1 in the area ZBAL,

 $$(s_5)$$ calculating a Certificate $CBAL_1$ for the new balance BAL_1 such that:

 $CBAL_1 = H(K_t, BAL_1, CSN, CTC_2)$, and

- (s₆) recording CBAL₁ in the area ZBAL;
- (t) updating the card CM for the next transaction with a new secret code CSC_2 and a new certificate CA_2 , by
 - (t1) calculating in the terminal TE:
 - the future session key Ks2 such that:

 $Ks_2 = F(K_m, CSN, CTC_2)$

- the future secret code $\ensuremath{\text{CSC}_2}$ such that:

 $CSC_2 = F(Ks_2)$,

- the future authentication certificate \mathtt{CA}_2 such that:

 $CA_2 = G(Ks_2)$,

 (\mbox{t}_2) recording the secret code CSC_2 in the memory M of the card CM in the protected area and the authentication certificate CA_2 in the protected area ZCA.

The invention has been described with a particular embodiment in which the transaction is an operation on the balance value of the card; however, the invention applies to any other transaction according to the applications provided for the card under consideration.

In this particular example, the transaction ends with an incrementing of the transaction counter CT to a value CTC₂ which is usually equal to (CTC₁ + 1). However, this value of CTC₂ can be different from (CTC₁ + 1) and be equal, for example, to (CTC₁ + 3).

This transaction counter must be incremented or decremented at each transaction even if the operation leads to the balance not being changed; in this case, it is necessary to perform the transaction by rerecording the unchanged balance but the certificate CBAL1 will be different since the transaction counter will have been incremented. The same will apply for the new secret code CSC2 and the certificate CA2.

The variables of the functions F, G and F_{ks} which have been adopted in the example are the parent key, the serial number CSN and the value CTC of the transaction counter. However, additional variables can be used such as the personal code PIN of the card user, this code being entered into the terminal after insertion of the card.

The invention has been described within the context of a card/terminal mutual authentication but it applies more generally first to an authentication of the terminal by the card, this first authentication possibly being followed or not followed by an authentication of the card by the terminal, the set of these two authentications making a mutual authentication.

The example described uses cryptographic functions F, G and F_{Ks} using variables such as a parent key K_m , a session key K_s and a transaction key K_t , but such keys are not necessary for implementing the invention.

The value of the authentication counter CE is preferably used for calculating the secret code CSN

while the value of the transaction counter CT is preferably used for calculating the authentication certificate CA.

CLAIMS

- 1. An authenticating method between a memory chip card (CM) having at least one counter (CE, CT) and a terminal (TE), characterised in that it comprises the following steps consisting of:
- (a) inserting the memory chip card (CM) into the terminal (TE), $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) +\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac$
- (b) calculating, in the terminal, a secret code CSC_1 according to a cryptographic function F of a number of variables comprising at least a code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value (CTE₁, CTC₁) of said counter (CE, CT),
- (c) authenticating the terminal by the card when the calculated secret code CSC_1 is identical to a code CSC_0 recorded in the memory at the end of the previous authentication according to the operation (f) below,
- (d) carrying out the planned transaction and modifying the value (CTE $_2$, CTC $_2$) of said counter (CE, CT),
- (e) calculating, in the terminal (TE), a new secret code CSC_2 according to the cryptographic function F of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card (CM) and the new value (CTE₂, CTC₂) of said counter (CE, CT),
- (f) updating the memory chip card (CM) for the next transaction by recording, in the memory (M), the new secret code CSC_2 calculated by the operation (e).
 - 2. A method according to Claim 1, characterised:

- in that it comprises the following supplementary steps between the steps (c) and (d) consisting of:
- (x) calculating, in the terminal (TE), an authentication certificate CA_1 according to a cryptographic function G of a number of variables comprising at least the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the value $(CTE_1,\ CTC_1)$ of the counter $(CE,\ CT)$.
- in that the step (e) is supplemented by the following step consisting of:
- (e') calculating, in the terminal (TE), a new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the code CSN identifying the memory chip card and the new value (CTE₂, CTC₂) of said counter (CE, CT),
- and in that the step (f) is supplemented by the following step consisting of:
- (f') updating the memory chip card (CM) for the next transaction by recording, in the memory (M), the new authentication certificate CA_2 calculated according to the step (e').
 - 3. A method according to Claim 1, characterised:
 - in that the step (b) consists of:

- first calculating, in the terminal (TE), a session key K_{01} according to a cryptographic function F_{KB} of a number of variables comprising at least a parent key K_{m} known by the terminal (TE), the code CSN identifying the memory chip card (CM) and the value (CTE1, CTC1) of said counter (CE, CT),
- next calculating, in the terminal (TE), the secret code CSC1 according to the cryptographic function F of the session key $K_{\text{B1}},\,$
 - in that the step (e) consists of:
- first calculating, in the terminal (TE), a new session key $K_{\rm B2}$ according to the cryptographic function $F_{\rm KB}$ with the new value (CTE2, CTC2) of said counter (CE, CT),
- next calculating, in the terminal (TE), the new secret code CSC2 according to the cryptographic function F of the new session key $K_{\theta\,2}.$
- 4. A method according to Claim 2 and 3, characterised in that:
- the step (e') consists of calculating the new authentication certificate CA_2 according to the cryptographic function G of the new session key $K_{\rm s2}$.
- 5. A method according to any one of the previous Claims 1 to 4, in its application to a memory chip card (CM) comprising two counters, one (CE) counting the authentications and the other (CT) counting the payment transactions, characterised in that the variables of the cryptographic functions F, G and F_{ks} comprise the values (CTE₁, CTE₂, CTC₁, CTC₂) of said counters.

- 6. A method according to one of the previous claims, characterised in that the cryptographic functions F, G and F_{ks} are one-way functions.
- 7. A method according to Claim 6, characterised in that the cryptographic functions F, G and F_{ks} are "hashing" functions.
- 8. A method according to one of the previous Claims 3 to 7, characterised in that the step (b) comprises the following steps consisting of:
 - $\label{eq:condition} (b_1) \text{ reading the serial number CSN of the card} \\$ (CM) .
 - (b_2) reading the content (CTE1 and/or CTC1) of the counter, and
 - $\label{eq:basic_problem} (b_3) \mbox{ calculating the session key according to} \\ \mbox{a cryptographic function } F_{ks} \mbox{ such that:}$

 $Ks_1 = F_{ks} (K_m, CSN, CTC_1)$.

- 9. A method according to one of Claims 1 to 8, characterised in that the step (c) comprises the following steps consisting of:
 - $\ensuremath{\left(c_1\right)}$ transmitting the secret code CSC1 to the card CM,
 - (c_2) comparing, in the card, this secret code CSC_1 with a secret code CSC_0 recorded in the card CM at the end of the previous transaction with the card, and
 - (c_3) authorizing the remainder of the operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CSC_0 = CSC_1$ or refusing same in the contrary case.

- 10. A method according to one of Claims 2 to 9, characterised in that the step (y) comprises the following steps consisting of:
 - (y_1) reading the content CA_0 of the area ZCA of the memory of the card CM,
 - (y_2) transmitting, to the terminal (TE), the content CA_0 of this area ZCA which corresponds to an Authentication Certificate CA_0 calculated at the end of the previous transaction,
 - (y_3) comparing, in the terminal TE, the calculated Authentication Certificate CA_1 with the certificate CA_0 , and
 - $(\gamma_4) \quad \text{authorizing} \quad \text{the remainder} \quad \text{of} \quad \text{the}$ operations if the comparison indicates the identity $CA_1 = CA_n.$
- 11. A method according to one of Claims 1 to 10, characterised in that the step (d) comprises, in the case of modification of the balance BAL_0 , the following steps consisting of:
 - (d_1) reading, from an area ZBAL of the memory $(M)\,,$ the value BAL_0 of the balance resulting from the previous transaction and the corresponding certificate $CBAL_0\,,$ and
 - (d_2) verifying that the certificate CBAL0 correctly corresponds to the result of the cryptographic function such that:

 $CBAL_0 = H(K_t, BAL_0, CSN, CTC_1),$

- Kt being a transaction key,
- $\label{eq:continuity} (d_3) \mbox{ incrementing the transaction counter to} \\ \mbox{the value } (\mbox{CTC}_1 \ + \ 1) \ = \mbox{CTC}_2$

- $\label{eq:conding} (d_4) \ \ \text{recording the new balance BAL}_1 \ \ \text{in the}$ area ZBAL,
- $(d_5) \mbox{ calculating a Certificate CBAL$_1$ for the new balance BAL$_1$ such that:}$

 $CBAL_1 = H(K_t, BAL_1, CSN, CTC_2)$, and

- (d₆) recording CBAL₁ in the area ZBAL.
- 12. A method according to one of the previous Claims 1 to 11, characterised in that:
- the step (a) also comprises a step of entering the personal code PIN of the user.
- 13. A method according to one of the previous Claims 3 to 12, characterised in that:
- in the step (b), one of the variables used for calculating the session $Ks_1\ is$ the personal code PIN of the user.

1/2

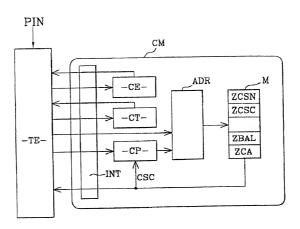
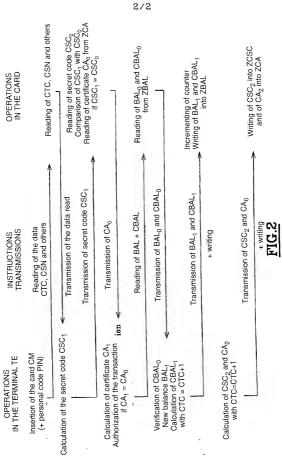


FIG.1





COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION

Attorney's Docket No. **GEM 557**

As a	below	nereby declare mat:
		 4 itihis are as stated below part to

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I BELIEVE I AM THE ORIGINAL, FIRST AND SOLE INVENTOR (if only one name is listed below) OR AN ORIGINAL, FIRST AND JOINT INVENTOR (if more than one name is listed below) OF THE SUBJECT MATTER WHICH IS CLAIMED AND FOR WHICH A PATENT IS SOUGHT ON THE INVENTION ENTITLED:

AUTHENTICATING METHOD BETWEEN A SMART CARD AND A TERMINAL

the specification of which	(check one)	$_{\Gamma}^{\Gamma}$	is attached hereto; was filed on		a
		Applie	cation No.		
		And v	vas amended on	(if applicable)	_

I HAVE REVIEWED AND UNDERSTAND THE CONTENTS OF THE ABOVE-IDENTIFIED SPECIFICATION, INCLUDING THE CLAIMS, AS AMENDED BY ANY AMENDMENT REFERRED TO ABOVE;

I ACKNOWLEDGE THE DUTY TO DISCLOSE TO THE OFFICE ALL INFORMATION KNOWN TO ME TO BE MATERIAL TO PATENTABILITY AS DEFINED IN TITLE 37, CODE OF FEDERAL REGULATIONS, Sec. 1.56 (as amended effective March 16, 1992);

I do not know and do not believe the said invention was ever known or used in the United States of America before my or our invention thereof, or patented or described in any printed publication in any country before my or our invention thereof or more than one year prior to said application; that said invention was not in public use or on sale in the United States of America more than one year prior to said application; that said invention has not been patented or made the subject of an inventor's certificate issued before the date of said application in any country foreign to the United States of America on any application filed by me or my legal representatives or assigns more than twelve months prior to said application:

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code Sec. 119 and/or Sec. 365 of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate as indicated below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate on this invention having a filing date before that of the application(s) on which priority is claimed:

COUNTRY/INTERNATIONAL	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED	
FR	98/14224	12/11/1998	YES	
PCT	PCT/FR99/02692	4/11/1999	YES	

1-00

I hereby appoint the following attorneys and agent(s) to prosecute said application and to transact all business in the Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith and to file, prosecute and to transact all business in connection with international applications directed to said invention:

William L. Mathis	17,337	R. Danny Huntington	27,903	Gerald F. Swiss	30,113
Robert S. Swecker	19,885	Eric H. Weisblatt	30,505	Michael J. Ure	33,089
Platon N. Mandros	22,124	James W. Peterson	26,057	Charles F. Wieland III	33,096
Benton S. Duffett, Jr.	22,030	Teresa Stanek Rea	30,427	Bruce T. Wieder	33,815
Norman H. Stepno	22,716	Robert E. Krebs	25,885	Todd R. Walters	34,040
Ronald L. Grudziecki	24,970	William C. Rowland	30,888	Ronni S. Jillions	31,979
Frederick G. Michaud, Jr.	26,003	T. Gene Dillahunty	25,423	Harold R. Brown III	36,341
Alan E. Kopecki	25,813	Patrick C. Keane	32,858	Allen R. Baum	36,086
Regis E. Slutter	26,999	Bruce J. Boggs, Jr.	32,344	Steven M. du Bois	35,023
Samuel C. Miller, III	27,360	William H. Benz	25,952	Brian P. O=Shaughnessy	32,747
Robert G. Mukai	28,531	Peter K. Skiff	31,917	Kenneth B. Leffler	36,075
George A. Hovanec, Jr.	28,223	Richard J. McGrath	29,195	Fred W Hathaway	32,236
James A. LaBarre	28,632	Matthew L. Schneider	32,814	21839	
E. Joseph Gess	28,510	Michael G. Savage	32,596		

Address all correspondence to:

James A. LaBarre BURNS, DOANE, SWECKER & MATHIS, L.L.P. P.O. Box 1404 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1404



Address all telephone calls to: James LaBarre at (703) 836-6620.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false state-ments and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

FULL NAME OF SOLE OR FIRST INVENTOR Pascal COOREMAN	SIGNATURE	De -	DATE 25 4 01
RESIDENCE Les Jardins de l'Infante – 23, av Beau Pin – 13008 MARSEILLE / FRANCE	FRX	CITIZENSHIP FRANCE	
POST OFFICE ADDRESS Les Jardins de l'Infante – 23, av Beau Pin – 13008 MARSEILLE / FRANCE			
FULL NAME OF SECOND JOINT INVENTOR, IF ANY	SIGNATURE		DATE
RESIDENCE		CITIZENSHIP	
POST OFFICE ADDRESS			